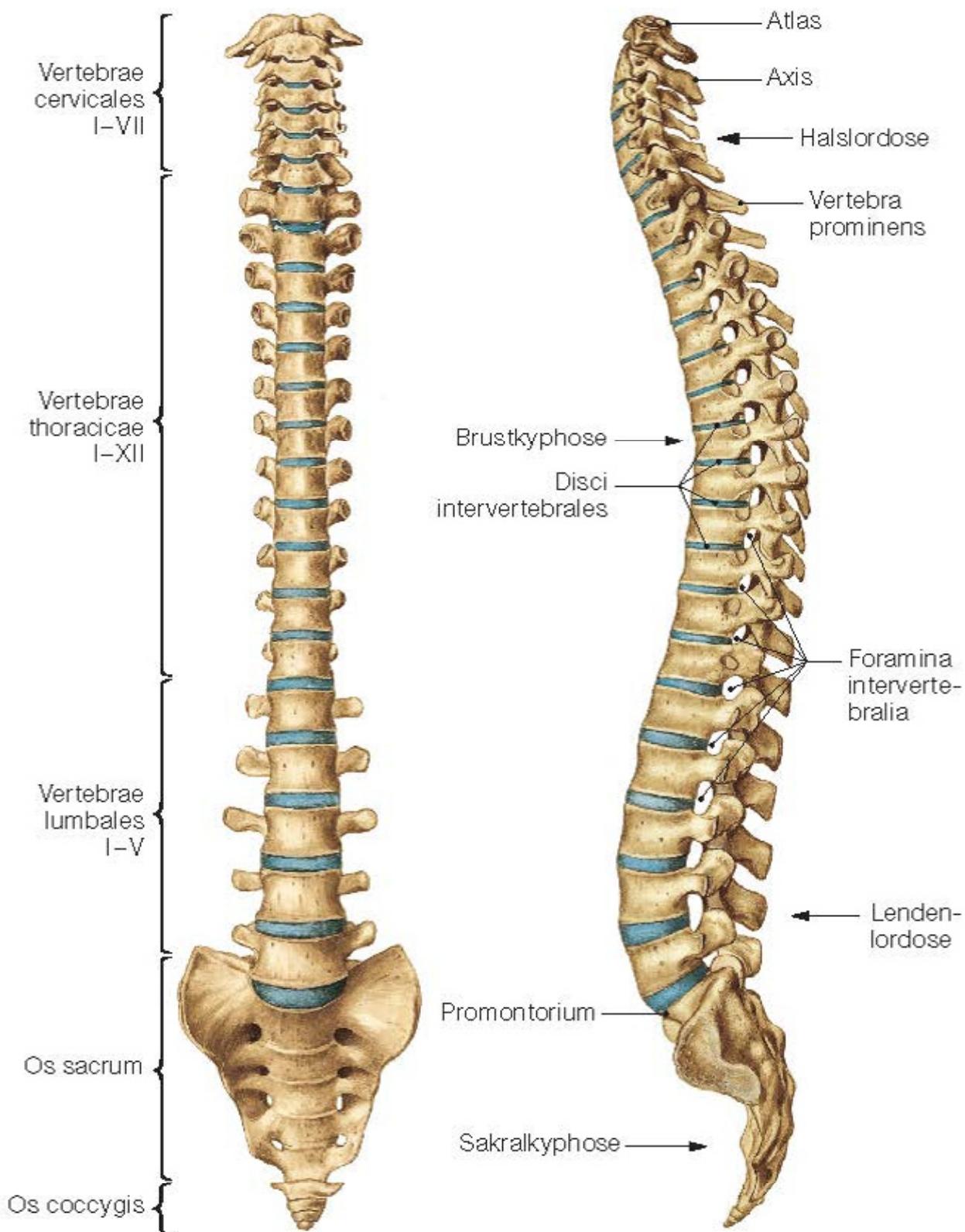
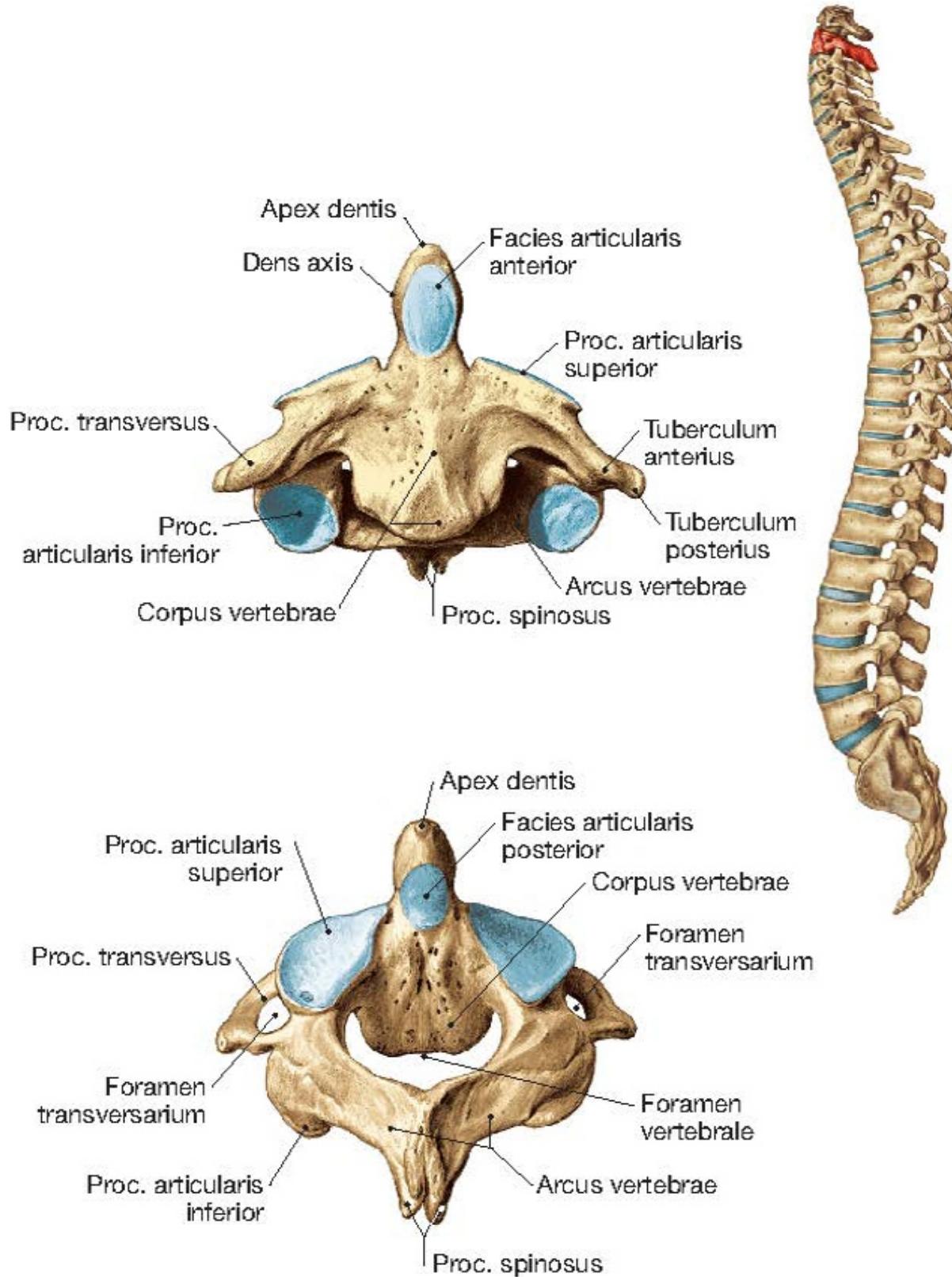


Was versteht man unter dem Begriff „Skoliose“?



Ansicht von ventral (links) und lateral (rechts).

Warum wird der 2. Halswirbel umgangssprachlich häufig auch als „Dreher“ bezeichnet?



Ansicht von ventral (oben) und dorsal (unten).

Welche Strukturen am Wirbel bilden die Gelenkpartner eines Zwischenwirbelgelenks?

The image contains three anatomical illustrations of thoracic vertebrae:

- Top Left:** A posterior/superior view of two adjacent thoracic vertebrae (5th and 6th) from a kranial perspective. Numbered labels point to various features: 1 (spine of axis), 2 (odontoid process), 3 (dorsal tubercle), 4 (dorsal process), 5 (transverse process), 6 (processus transversus), 7 (processus articularis), 8 (processus articularis), 9 (processus spinosus), 10 (processus costalis), 11 (processus costalis), 12 (processus costalis), 13 (processus costalis), 14 (processus costalis), 15 (processus costalis), and 16 (processus costalis).
- Bottom Left:** A posterior/superior view of two adjacent thoracic vertebrae (5th and 6th) from a lateral perspective. Numbered labels point to: 1 (spine of axis), 2 (odontoid process), 3 (dorsal tubercle), 4 (processus transversus), 5 (processus articularis), 6 (processus articularis), 7 (processus spinosus), 8 (processus costalis), and 9 (processus costalis).
- Right:** A lateral view of a complete human spine, highlighting the intervertebral discs.

Ansicht von kranial (oben) und lateral (unten).

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